

The Quincy Union.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY
BY
W. W. KELLOGG.

Terms of Subscription:
For One Year (in advance) \$5.00
For Six Months, 3.00

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One Square, (ten lines or less) first insertion, 43.00
Each additional insertion, 1.50
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N. B. The public, and patrons of the undersigned
are respectfully informed that he has made arrangements with Judge VanClef, of Downsville, by which the Judge has consented to be associated with him as assistant in the conduct and trial of all cases which the undersigned may have in the Courts of the Second and Third Judicial Districts of this State. 4-30

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Land or Mining Surveying, or Draining, will address J. D. Compton, Round Valley, or
Arthur W. Keddie, Crescent Mills.
N. B.—Particular attention paid to Mapping
Mines. v4-n5-1f

Quincy Union

"Independent in all Things—Neutral in Nothing."

VOL. 5. QUINCY, PLUMAS CO., CAL., SATURDAY, APRIL 13, 1867. NO. 24.

Hotels, &c.

PLUMAS HOUSE,
QUINCY,
Plumas Co., California.

JAS. E. EDWARDS, Prop'r.
EXTENSIVE ADDITIONS AND IMPROVEMENTS having been made to this House, the proprietor begs leave to call the attention of the travelling public to the superior accommodations it offers to them. v5-n5-1f

TAYLOR HOUSE,
TAYLORVILLE, CAL.

J. T. Taylor, --- Proprietor.
THE public is respectfully informed that the proprietor of this long established and well known Hotel is constantly prepared to accommodate all who may favor him with their patronage. v5-n5-1f

VERNON HOUSE,
Taylorville,
INDIAN VALLEY.

J. HARDGRAVE, Proprietor.
THIS HOUSE HAS BEEN NEWLY REFITTED and is one of the
Best Arranged Hotels
In the mountains. No pains will be spared to accommodate those who patronize me.
THE BAR is supplied with the best quality of Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

BUCKEYE HOUSE,
ON THE
OROVILLE & QUINCY ROAD,
(Near Walker's Plains, Plumas Co., Cal.)

JOEL FLINN, Prop'r.
THE Proprietor of this well known and favorite Hotel hereby informs the public that he has increased his facilities for the accommodation of permanent and transient guests. The best of board and lodging furnished at reasonable rates. The Oroville and Quincy Stages stop over night at the Buckeye House. 37-4f

UNION HOTEL.
MAIN STREET, LA PORTE.

BRANDT & CONLON, Proprietors.
THIS HOUSE is centrally located and will be kept as formerly.
FIRST CLASS HOUSE.
The Table will be furnished with the best of the market, and no pains spared by the Proprietors to provide for the comfort of guests.
v5-n5-1f

WESTERN HOUSE,
Corner of Second and D Streets,
MARYSVILLE, CALIFORNIA.

EXTENSIVE ADDITIONS AND IMPROVEMENTS
having been made to this house, the proprietors beg leave to call the attention of the travelling public to the superior accommodations it offers to them.
The Hotel Carriage and Omnibus will always be found at the Railroad Depot and Steamer Landing to convey passengers to the Hotel free of charge.
R. M. LOWERY & CO., Prop'r's. 46-4f

UNION HOTEL.
SECOND AND K STREETS, SACRAMENTO.

L. OULVER, --- Proprietor.
Guests furnished with rooms by the day, week or month. A few choice rooms for Families, with private dining-room attached. Bar and Billiard Saloons of the first order. v4-n5-1f

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OROVILLE,

B. F. JONES, Jr., Prop'r.
WOULD RESPECTFULLY NOTIFY his friends in Northern California that he has leased the above named Hotel, with the intention of keeping a
FIRST CLASS HOUSE.
And will be pleased to see all old friends and the Public generally. B. F. JONES, Jr.

AMERICAN EXCHANGE.
Corner of Sansome and Halleck streets,
SAN FRANCISCO.

TIMOTHY SARGENT, --- Proprietor.
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RUSS HOUSE.
Montgomery Street,
SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA.

H. H. PEARSON & CO., Proprietors.
Tax Proprietors, by strict attention to the comfort of their guests, hope to give satisfaction to all who may favor them with their patronage.
San Francisco. v4-n5-1f

LONGVILLE HOTEL.
A. J. WOOD, Prop'r.

THIS large and commodious hotel is situated in a beautiful and healthy location. The rooms are large and airy and well-furnished. The table is at all times furnished with the best of the market affords the stabling is of the best. It is a "home" for the traveler. For the invalid a fine soda spring, celebrated for its healing qualities, is adjoining the Hotel. A liberal share of patronage is solicited. A. J. WOOD, Proprietor.

The Quincy Union.

QUINCY, PLUMAS CO., CAL.
SATURDAY, APRIL 13, 1867.

No Time Like the Old Time.
BY O. W. HOLMES.

There is no time like the old time, when you and I were young.
When the buds of April blossomed, and the birds of spring-time sang!
The garden's brightest glories by summer suns are nursed,
But, oh, the sweet, sweet violets, the flowers that opened first!

There is no place like the old place, where you and I were born,
Where we first saw our eye-lids on the splendors of the morn,
From the milk-white breast that warmed us,
From the clinging arms that bore us,
Where the dear eyes glistened o'er us, that will look on us no more!

There is no friend like the old friend, who has shared our morning days,
No greeting like his welcome, no homage like his praise;
Fame is the scentless sunflower, with gaudy crown of gold;
But friendship is the breathing rose, with sweets in every fold.

There is no love like the old love, that we courted in our pride;
Though the leaves are falling, and we are fading side by side,
There are blossoms all around us with the colors of our dawn,
And we live in borrowed sunshine when the light of day is gone.

There are no times like the old times—they ne'er shall be forgot!
There is no place like the old place—keep green the dear old spot!
There are no friends like the old friends—may Heaven protect their lives!
There are no loves like the old loves—God bless our loving wives!

LEGEND OF THE MESQUIT.—"You see, the old man was trying to learn me to shoot blackbirds and beasts that tore up the young corn and such things, so that I could be of some use about the farm, because I wasn't big enough to do much. My gun was a little single-barrel shotgun, and the old man carried an old Queen Anne's musket that weighed a ton and made a report like a thunderclap, and kicked like a mule! The old man wanted me to shoot the old musket sometimes, but I was afraid. One day, though, I got her down and thought I'd try her one rifle, anyhow, and so I took her to the hired man and asked him how to load her, because the old man was out in the fields. Hiram said, 'Do you see them marks on the stock—an X and a V on each side of a Queen's crown? well, that means 10 balls and 5 slugs—that's her load.' 'But how much powder?' 'Oh, he says, 'it don't matter; put in three or four handfuls.' So I loaded her up that way, and it was an awful charge! I had sense enough to know that—and started out. I leveled her on a good many blackbirds, but every time I went to pull the trigger I shut my eyes and weakened; I was afraid of her kick. Towards sundown I fetched up at the house, and there was the old man testing himself on the porch.

"Been out hunting, have you?"
"Yes, sir," says I.
"What did you kill?"
"Didn't kill anything, sir—didn't shoot her off—I was afraid she'd kick." [I know'd I—d—d she would!]
"Gimme the gun!" the old man says, mad as sin.

He took aim at a sapling on the other side of the road, and I began to drop back out of danger. And the next minute I heard an earthquake, and see the Queen Anne a whirling end-over-end in the air, and the old man spinning around on one heel, with one leg up and both hands on his jaw, and the bark flying from that sapling like there was a hail-storm! The old man's shoulder was set back four inches, and his jaw turned black and blue, and he had to lay up for three days. Cholera, no, nothing else can ever scare me the way I was scared that time.

—[Mark Twain's Cor. Alta.]

SEVERE.—This is the style in which the California Christian Advocate gets after a liberal-minded preacher in Santa Cruz:—"We heard of a 'broad church' movement in Santa Cruz, and are disposed to name a single incident of recent occurrence, indicating the character of this 'new religion.' The congregation was assembled for an evening for social or other purposes, in the place where services were held on Sabbath. At a given stage of the proceedings, the clergyman [?] who does the Sabbath services stepped into the pulpit, and calling the attention of the assembly, announced that the hour for dancing had arrived. Then calling 'Samba' into the pulpit with his sabbie, the clergyman conducted 'his partner' upon the floor and led the 'figure.' And so, 'tripping the light fantastic toe,' this successor of Jesus and Paul [?] and his flock danced the night away. Wouldn't Christ be ashamed of such conduct? Don't the devil blush at such hypocrisy?"

UNFORTUNATE CHILD.—A down east paper has the following local notice:—"A child was run over by a wagon three years old and cross-eyed with pantaloons on which never spoke afterwards."

Temperance in Congress

[For the Union.]
Geology and Mineralogy.

During the last session of the Rump, temperance among the members became such a glaring public scandal that in order to effect some reform, a Congressional Temperance Society was organized. The Washington correspondent of the N. Y. Metropolitan Record, under date of Feb. 22d, gives an amusing account of its first meeting in the House of Representatives, from which we condense the following:

Senator Wilson organized the meeting. He said that at this time when the people were straining every nerve to pay an enormous debt, it behooved the nation to practice the most rigid economy. He would propose, therefore, that as the brilliant noses of the gentlemen before him illuminated the hall sufficiently, the janitor be instructed to turn off the gas. The suggestion was adopted, and the gas was turned off, but there was no diminution of the light. The only change noticed was that the substitute for gas had a peculiar ruby tinge, which gave a singular picturesqueness to the spectacle.

He was opposed to the use of intoxicating liquors by Congressmen except on special occasions—these were, when they were invited by their friends to take something. He had observed that some Congressmen (he was glad to say they were not numerous) had a habit of occasionally treating their friends, and paying for drinks out of their own pockets. Unless this vulgar practice was stopped, it would eventually sap the morals of the country. Such members were a disgrace to the nation, and should not be permitted to hold a seat in Congress—they should be inconspicuously expelled.

Mr. Price, of Iowa, was the next speaker. While eloquently expatiating upon the brilliancy and grandeur of the scene before him, the toe of the speaker's boot was caught in a hole in the carpet, and as he stumbled forward a flask fell out of his breast pocket. The top, which had not been properly fastened, fell off, and about half a pint of something that smelled like whiskey was spilled upon the platform. Mr. P. retired, and Senator Yates came forward. He began by saying that he had been a pretty hard drinker in his day. He had a habit when drunk of speaking pretty loud, and on one occasion this propensity brought him into trouble. He had been on a steady spree for three weeks, and while staggering home one night he encountered a telegraph post, which he supposed to be a man. It was when the fiendish rebel assassins had their knives at the throat of the nation, and as he was always a loyal man, he began an address to the post on the wickedness of those miscreants whose hands were red with the blood of Union soldiers. He spoke for nearly half an hour, and as he proceeded he grew warm with the subject, and his voice rang out over the prairie. Presently a man came along, an Irishman and a Copperhead, and this serpent, this infamous traitor, advised him to go home and not be making a d—d fool of himself. He resolved to rescue the insult and whip the Copperhead. He threw his coat on the ground and pitched in. When he awoke next morning he was lying beside the telegraph post, and there was something wrong with one of his eyes. The Irishman had disappeared, and it was two weeks before he (Mr. Yates) felt that he could show himself in public. After that he took the pledge, and followed it up by taking some whisky. He thought the pledge was a very good thing to take, but he liked the whisky better. He would advise all who didn't care for whisky to take the pledge, and keep it just as long as they had a mind to.

Speaker Colfax followed Mr. Yates. He said he was a temperance man on several occasions, and he meant to continue to be a temperance man when it suited him. He had been in Congress for several years, and witnessed several instances of the effect of immoderate drinking. It had been his melancholy satisfaction to stand at the bedside of twenty-two members of Congress who had died of delirium tremens. The awful terror that seized these unfortunate men; when, in imagination surrounded by legions of foul fiends, they yelled repentance of their political crimes; would freeze the blood in the veins of a stoic. He was in favor of the temperance principle, and he thought the Union could never be properly restored until the use of spirituous liquors was forbidden in Congress. He would require the insurrectionary States to sign the pledge before they are readmitted to representation in Congress. Mr. Colfax was proceeding to show the necessity of suppressing the use of liquor in the South by Constitutional enactment, when a man at the other end of the Hall held up a bottle and beckoned him to the door. He then apologized for cutting short his address by saying he had to go out to see a man, and went out in great haste after the man with the bottle.

A Democrat, in describing a spasm of horses which he had lost, said: "They weren't very much alike, specially de or one. One so much like both I could not tell which from which; when I went after de one I always caught de oder, and I whipped de most dead because de oder kicked at me."

A dentist:—"You a dentist, Bob? I did not know you were in this trade."

"Yes," said Bob, "I follow no other business but setting teeth—in beef, potatoes, and such like."

Snake Lake, April 6, 1867.

Mr. Editor:—Learned and philosophical bigotry shuns the field of open discussion. Old creed-bound notions of the Creedist and Bigot must give way to the progressive mind and the intellectual seeker after Nature's Divine Truths. The Reformer meets a more savage foe than the Pilgrims met. That foe is the time-serving advocate of the past, who clings to the record of bygone ages, and shuts his eyes on the present. Fired with the unforgiving zeal of bigotry, he is less merciful than the red man gloating over his mangled victim. He built the gibbet, the rack, and invents horrid instruments of torture. He fuses the fagots, and scoffs and sneers, and spits on Truth nailed to the Cross and crowned with thorns. Has there ever been any tolerance manifested by the bigot? Man, "know thyself," come out from amongst the contaminating doctrines of creeds and sects, and be ye found clothed and in your right mind, seeking wisdom in the philosophy of Nature's Laws and in her beauties.

"There are more things in heaven and earth, Horatio, Than are dreamt of in your philosophy."

Mr. Editor, there is a very large amount of superficial knowledge as touching Geology and Mineralogy in this State. It is not altogether to be wondered at, as our State, comparatively speaking, is young. Her developments of the many arts and sciences connected with geological formations and primeval ramifications, are scarcely noticed, except by transient men of science and wisdom. We have supplied the outside world with a pretty good amount of bullion since our first entrance into fame and notoriety. Our State has become the repository of the fastest people on the globe; but what have generally been their motives? Gold! too much so for the welfare of our State and country. Learning has been neglected in all its branches; too much superficiality, even by men whose influence should have weight in the scales of science. The study of a one idea, or the scanning through of some philosophical treatise, will not make a practical man in any business. We should be diligent in reading, studying and well digesting such works as have a true tone of progression, such as A. J. Davis' Nature's Divine Revelations and Harmonical Philosophy, Tuttle's Arcana of Nature and General Survey of Matter, and Origin of Worlds. Sir, Geology, when studied from a practical point of philosophy and reason, is grand; and we should seek wisdom to understand the secrets and hidden treasures of nature, and knowledge to inform us of their benefits to mankind. "Nothing can be theologically true, that is scientifically and philosophically false;" and according to Professor Agassiz on the Types of Mankind, Smith's History of the Human Species, Mon. Robin, Cardinal Wiseman, Dr. Moultrie, the distinguished naturalist Lund, and many others who have investigated Nature's laws and the geological formation of this our Earth—its matter animate and inanimate, have had to render decisions against the once popular belief that the Earth was made in six days, or that man sprung from one pair of beings from the garden of Eden, as recorded. Sir, progression has no bounds. New features in Nature's laws are daily occurring, unperceived directly by man; but the inquiring mind can always see new beauties in Nature. The science of Mineralogy, in reality, essential to the Geologist; it is a key to unlock the secrets of the crust of the earth from the primitive to the more recent formations. Primitive and secondary rocks have suffered considerable changes, from causes both positive and negative. I presume we have all, or nearly so, of the many changes, or peaks so-called, represented in the Sierra Nevada mountain range, from the first formation crust to the Grauwacke debris up to the present alluvial period; the transition from one to the other can be traced on the face of old Nature. Mineralogy, as a science, does not include only a knowledge of the more rare and curious minerals, but extends to rocks, sands, gravel and alluvials of all shades and descriptions. A Mineralogist should hold a more enlarged acquaintance with minerals, with the circumstances attending them in their places, and their character both internal and external; and this knowledge prepares a man for the science of Geology. Although a practical observation is the only means of attaining a substantial knowledge of its real merits and benefits to the human family, long experience and attention give a facility in recognizing minerals by mere inspection. This facility can only be acquired by such means. The characteristics of minerals are numerous, but are classed as physical or external, and chemical.

With the foregoing few remarks on Geology and Mineralogy, I remain,
Yours respectfully,
D. W. H.

NOTE.—Have you found a verdict? "No, your honor; we have hunted in every corner of the room, and there isn't one there."

A Portland merchant who was unemployed by the great fire, cleared \$50,000 in the six months following.

The New York Tribune says there are 12,000 criminal women in that city.

The Quincy Union.

All Letters relating to the business affairs of the paper should be addressed to the Publisher.
TO SUBSCRIBERS.
No paper will be forwarded from this office unless the subscription is paid in advance. All papers discontinued when the subscription expires. The rule will be strictly enforced.

CORRESPONDENCE.
Our friends everywhere, who may at any time have knowledge of facts of local importance—incidents, accidents, mining news, doings of public meetings, improvements, curiosities, etc.—would confer a favor upon us and our readers generally by sending notice of the same to this office. Give us facts in any shape, and we will take care of them.

Connecticut Platform.
The following is the avowal of principles under which the gallant Democracy of Connecticut entered the late political contest in that State; and achieved a glorious victory:

Resolved, That those lately in insurrection against the Federal Government, having laid down their arms and fully resumed their duties as citizens of the United States, there is no obstacle in the way of the harmonious working of our Republican institutions, save the factious course of a mutilated Congress, who have inaugurated a new revolution, and are determined to rule the country, in violation of the Constitution, and to establish their wild and fanatical will as a substitute for the Union framed by the fathers of the Republic.

Resolved, That the only way in which peace and concord can be re-established, is by conforming to the requirements of the Constitution, and defeating the Radical party, who spurn its provisions and imperil the Union by their mad and seditious course.

Resolved, That to effect this object we solemnly pledge our best and most untiring efforts; that the accomplishment of this end is the one grand question now pending, transcending all others in importance, and that the present imminent perils of the country demand the union of all conservative hearts and hands, irrespective of former or present party names, in a vigorous effort to maintain the Federal Constitution in its integrity, and secure its operation according to the spirit and intent of its founders.

Resolved, That the Radical plan of reducing a portion of the United States to Territories, of taking from them those rights always possessed by them since the days of 1776, and of disfranchising their people, is so absolutely opposed not only to the dearest provisions of the Federal Constitution, but to every sound idea of practical statesmanship, is so thoroughly antagonistic to those principles of reserved rights and of municipal governments, regulating their own domestic affairs, that underlie our Republican system, that it is the duty of the people of Connecticut, regardless of past political divisions, to pronounce their condemnation of the Radical party by electing men who love, and are determined to preserve, the American Constitution and the American Union.

Resolved, That while that portion of the Representatives of the States of this Union, who excluded from the legislative halls the representatives of ten States, are laboring to subvert our Government, we rejoice in the fact that the Supreme Court of the United States, by its recent decisions in favor of the rights of American citizens, has proved that that august tribunal will perform, without fear or favor, its high and solemn duties.

Resolved, That our cordial thanks are due, and are hereby tendered to President Johnson, for his manly course in resisting unauthorized legislation and advocating the rights of all the States to their Congressional representation, and that we will untiringly sustain him in these his just and patriotic acts.

Resolved, That labor is the basis of all the material of prosperity and the great creator of wealth, and that its interests should always be favorably regarded by our legislature; that the laborer should have time for mental and moral culture, and for healthful recreation, and that we therefore heartily sympathize with the laboring class in their endeavors to reduce the legal standard of a day's labor, and declare ourselves in favor of making eight hours per day a legal day's labor, in all mechanical and manufacturing pursuits, in the absence of any agreement to the contrary between contracting parties.

Resolved, That the overworking of children in factories is an act of cruelty, depriving them of the proper means of education, and undermining their health; and that all employers in factories should be forbidden under suitable penalties, from working said children more than eight hours per day.

Resolved, That all attempts on the part of employers to reduce their workmen to a condition of political slavery by coercing their votes, should be held up to the execration of freemen, and, if possible, frustrated by legislative action.

A CLERGYMAN.—We seldom find in a religious controversy anything more spicy than the following:—"I have a sermon to preach, and I have a sermon to preach, and I have a sermon to preach."

Once upon a time, says the narrator, Lyman Beecher and Hosea Ballou met to compare Calvinism and Universalism. Both were Bible men, and each came well armed with textual missiles. After several apostolic blows from each, suddenly parried by the other, Dr. Beecher opened to the ninth Psalm and read:—"The wicked shall be turned into hell, and all the nations that forget God." "There, sir," the wicked one hollered, "get them out, if you can!"

Hosea Ballou, calm as a summer morning, pointing to the twentieth chapter of John's Revelation, read:—"Death and hell delivered up the dead which were in them." "There," said Father Ballou, "they are out; get them in again, if you can."

AT LAST.—"What does your husband do in, marm?" "He deals cards chiefly, sir." Well, the deal will get him when the last trump is played."

A STEAM barge, to run on the Mokelumne river, is nearly built.

The Quincy Union.



"Pledged but to Truth, to Liberty and Law,
No favor sways us and no fear shall awe."

San Francisco Agency.
Thos. Boyce is the only authorized Agent
for the UNION in San Francisco.

GEO. W. HOPKINS is our authorized Agent for Taylorville and vicinity.

QUINCY, PLUMAS CO., CAL.
SATURDAY, APRIL 13, 1867.

A SOUTHERN MAGAZINE.—We have received from the publishers, Messrs. Hill and Irwin, the March No. of "The Land We Love," a new monthly magazine, devoted to literature and the fine arts, edited by Gen. D. H. Hill, late of the Confederate Army, and published at Charlotte, North Carolina. In the Editor's notice to his patrons, he says:

"With the exception of an occasional selected poem, all our articles are original contributions from Southern writers, and paid for at the highest rates ever adopted at the South. Moreover, we use only Southern paper, and all the employees in our office of every grade are of Southern birth and education."

Under these circumstances, it could be hardly expected that the literary excellence, the typography and the mechanical finish, should compare favorably with Magazines of a wider range. But we have no apologies for the literary character of our Monthly. We believe that there is as much talent at the South, as in any part of the world. Our contributors are recognized as among the first in the Union. Their articles would be an honor to any periodical in the whole country."

In regard to the political complexion of the Magazine, the editor says:

"Our political opinions and preferences are well known. Our first love belongs at home, but believing that the peace, happiness and prosperity of the South are now indissolubly connected with the Union, we accord a hearty obedience to a Constitutional Government, and extend cordially a fraternal hand to every friend of Constitutional Union."

Among the contents of the March No., we notice the following:

Gen. Gordon's Report of the Battle of Vicksburg: Twelve months in Spain, by V. C. Barringer Esq.; Sketch of Lieut. Gen. Stephen D. Lee, by Col. W. H. Brand, of Mo.; The Female Writers of the South, by Miss E. B. Chesborough; The Texas Soldier, by Rev. A. F. Dixon; The Last of the Crusaders, by C. C. Read; Anecdote of the Revolution, by a Contributor; The Haversack.

The subscription price is \$3.00 per year; W. E. Loomis, of San Francisco, Agent for California.

A GOOD SUGGESTION.—The Examiner, speaking of the impeachment Committee and of their failure after the most strenuous efforts to elicit any testimony whatever to warrant the enactment of that long threatened tragic-farce, makes the following suggestion:

"As the subject is still to be investigated, we suggest that the committee summon before them some of the leading California Radical Editors, for unless they are the greatest liars on the face of the earth, they can prove President Johnson to be a co-conspirator with assassins, a black-hearted traitor, a thief, a perjurer, a villain and an habitual drunkard. All of these charges they have repeatedly and confidently against him, and of course they are ready to swear to and produce the proof to sustain them. Let them be summoned by all means. This will save a vast deal of trouble, and bring the investigation to a close at once. No one would dispute the testimony of such truthful gentlemen, and the Senate would only require their depositions to be read, to at once pronounce him guilty."

Should the suggestion be adopted, the editors of the Marysville Appeal and Plumas National should particularly be summoned. Those extremely zealous and voracious politicians have accused Andy of nearly every crime known to the decalogue, besides a few others invented by Radicals, and have been among the loudest in demanding his impeachment and political decapitation.

Soon.—A Missouri editor says that the Radicals in Congress will soon enact a law requiring men's clothes to be made without pockets—there will be no use for them. That editor's head is sound, "you bet." What with the annual collection of some three or four hundred millions by the Federal Government, together with the taxes imposed for State, county and municipal purposes, the poorer and even the now moderately wealthy classes will not soon have even breeches to make pockets in. And yet, the Radicals go on increasing the expenditures of the Government, and squandering the treasure wrung from the toiling millions, as well as our mighty public domain, in subsidies and largesses to partisan favorites—in supporting the "colored gentlemen," who are intelligent enough to vote but not to support themselves,—and, worst of all, in reducing to political servitude eight millions of American freemen,—while the princely bondholders, representing a large portion of the country's wealth, are exempted from the burdens of government! Hurrah for Radicalism! Who wouldn't be a Radical?

AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE.—The State Board of Commissioners to select a site for a College of Agriculture, Mining and the Mechanic Arts, have decided in favor of a tract of one hundred acres, three miles north of Oakland, Alameda county, contiguous to the grounds of the College of California. The property was secured for \$30,000. The mining school will be too far from the mines.

Register! Register!!

Voters of Plumas County, now is the time to buckle on your armor, and prepare for the coming contest. An important election is approaching. Your common country demands your services. The Constitution of the United States and of your own State are in danger. The liberties of the American people are threatened. An irresponsible, fanatical and usurping faction are attempting to trample the Constitution of your Fathers out of sight, and striving to make their arbitrary action the Supreme law of the land. If they succeed, a last farewell to liberty. It therefore behooves all conservative citizens to rouse up, shake off their lethargy, combine, stand shoulder to shoulder and prepare for the coming political contest. Remember, "there is a tide in the affairs of men, which taken at the flood, leads on to fortune," and that tide in our national affairs is now setting in. The telegraph informed us a few days since, that Senator Wilson was about to introduce a bill into the Rump Congress, declaring that there should be no distinction made by any State by reason of race or color. This would allow the whole horde of Chinese, Diggers, and Kanakas now living amongst us and hereafter to arrive in California, to become citizens, and finally to control our affairs and model our institutions to suit their peculiar views of government. Will you support a party which is working for the attainment of this end? If you do you are no longer worthy to retain your liberties. A short time since, Connecticut voted against allowing negroes the right of franchise in that State, and now, following on the heels of the introduction of Wilson's bill, notwithstanding the Radicals at Washington sent forth their ablest stump speakers to canvass the State in support of their mongrelizing policy, the voters of Connecticut have shown to the infamous usurpers of the Rump that that State, at least, is determined to maintain the right to regulate its domestic institutions in its own way, subject only to the Constitution of the U. S., as established by the founders of the Republic.

This, then, shows how the tide has set in the East, and should the voters of California allow the Rump to force Chinese and Digger Indian suffrage on them, they deserve to be ruled by the inferior races, because they have not the manhood to govern and protect themselves, and when it is too late to remedy the evil, when you are no longer free, the fanatical leaders of the usurping Rump can sneeringly tell you, as the Veiled Prophet of Khorassan did his followers:—"Ye would be dupes and victims, and ye are."

But God grant that the people of California may never be so unmindful of their liberties and so forgetful of the teachings of their fathers as to become the blind followers and dupes of Wilson and his kind. Yet remember, voters, "Eternal Vigilance is the price of Liberty," and to entitle you to vote you must now be registered. All native-born citizens can be registered by giving their names to the County Assessor, or by calling on the County Clerk in person. But to satisfy the infamous old Know Nothing malignants who were the authors of the Registry Act, there was a difference made between native-born and naturalized citizens. Whilst they can be enrolled as above stated, the naturalized citizen is compelled to come to the County seat, and present his certificate of naturalization to the Clerk, or, if it is lost, produce two witnesses who have known him five years, to testify as to his moral character and reputed citizenship, and if he claims to be a citizen by virtue of the naturalization of his father, he must make like proof, and then his own oath declaring that to the best of his knowledge, information and belief, his father was naturalized before he was twenty-one years of age, and while he was living in the United States, will entitle him to registration.

After the first day of July next, none can vote—except those becoming naturalized, of age, or moving into the county thirty days before the election—unless their names are on the Great Register. Therefore, let all naturalized citizens come to the county seat and get their names on the Register, and on the day of election remember the party, and candidates of the party, that makes the distinction between them and native-born citizens—in short, remember the party that thinks more of negroes and Chinamen than it does of naturalized citizens. We close this article, therefore, as we began it, by saying, REGISTER! REGISTER!! and a glorious triumph awaits the opponents of Radicalism in Plumas County as certain as that day follows night. REGISTER! REGISTER!!

LESLIE'S WEEKLY ROMANICIST.—We have received the first number of a new literary paper, published in New York, by Leslie Bros., and called the New York Weekly Romanicist, a journal of exciting narrative, adventure and entertaining literature. The proprietors in their prospectus, say that "it is not an uncertain speculation, but a real enterprise, started with an assured circulation that carries it at once above a paying point, and may therefore be depended on." The Romanicist is about the size of the California Sunday Mercury, is filled with choice reading matter, and no doubt will form a formidable rival to the other papers of that class, now published in New York. To all who may desire to subscribe for a story paper, we would say, patronize your State papers first—take the Golden Era or Cal. Sunday Mercury, and then, if you want to subscribe for a New York Weekly, send to Leslie Bros. for the Romanicist. It is a more readable paper than the Ledger. The subscription price is \$3.00 per annum.

JUDICIAL.—The Marysville Appeal says: "The Calaveras Chronicle surrendered Judge Brockway in the same way the northern press gave up Judge Sexton."

What was that? Has Judge Sexton been surrendered, and if so, when, how, why, and by whom?—[See.]

Telegraphic Summary.

It is surmised that Russia has agreed to cede her territory on this continent to the United States, for the same reason that Napoleon the First sold us Louisiana—the fear of losing it in the event of a war with some great naval power. The price to be paid for the territory is said to be about seven millions of dollars. The confirmation of the treaty by the U. S. Senate admits of some doubt. The President, by proclamation, convened the Senate in extraordinary session on the 1st inst. The freedmen of Tenn. were invited to send delegates to the Conservative Convention held in that State on the 10th inst. The Senate Jud. Com. will not, probably, report in favor of releasing Jeff. Davis, nor has Justice Chase yet decided when, if at all, he will try him. A dispatch from Gov. Throckmorton, of Texas, says that State will immediately organize under the new reconstruction law. Gen. McCullum, with an iron war steamer, designed for the service of the Mexican Liberals, sailed on the 30th ult. from N. York for Tampico, with two full batteries of artillery, 1,000 stand of arms and four tons of powder. Advice from the city of Mexico to the 15th ult., say the liberals are almost under the walls of the Capital, preventing supplies from entering. St. Louis dates of the 2d inst. state that a letter to the wife of a prominent army officer confirms the capture of Fort Buford. Col. Rankin, his wife and children, and the whole garrison were slaughtered—eighty in all. He repulsed an attack of near three thousand Indians, killed 300 and wounding a thousand before he was killed. It is said that an effort is being made by the Governors of several Southern States to bring before the Supreme Court the constitutionality of the Reconstruction law, but it is doubtful whether the Court will entertain the question at the present session. The custom and internal revenue receipts for the month of March amounted to \$31,000,000—nearly half of which was from the latter source. The Great Exposition at Paris was opened on the 1st inst. It was a brilliant occasion, although not a tenth of the goods was opened. The American department was the most incomplete. The Connecticut election resulted in a Democratic victory. They elected their candidate for Governor, English, and three of the four Congressmen, by about 1,000 maj. There is said to be a Republican maj. of 5 in the Legislature. Numerous breaks have occurred in the Mississippi levees, devastating the richest portions of Louisiana. The National Intelligencer regards the Connecticut election as the turn in the tide of politics. Turkey is concentrating its hosts of various nationalities in great force around Constantinople, and Russia is reinforcing its regiments and advancing to the frontier line. It is stated that the Attorney General has written an opinion that Gen. Sheridan had no right, under the Reconstruction bill, to remove the officers of the State of Louisiana, and his supersedeure is rumored. The Senate Jud. Com. has decided not to report on the Russian treaty at present. Burnside has been elected Governor in R. Island, and both branches of the Legislature are Republican. A large Convention of persons in favor of woman suffrage was in session at Topeka, Kansas, on the 3d inst. The object was to canvass the State, and effect their purpose at the next election. A mass meeting of colored men, held at Macon, Ga., recently, favored affiliation with the white voters. Twenty arrests were made in Rochester, N. Y., on the 2d inst., of dealers in counterfeit greenbacks and fractional currency. The Ohio Legislature, it appears, has finally passed the 'manhood suffrage' resolution, amended so as to disfranchise the draft sneaks. [Wonder if some of our friends here, who emigrated from that State during the war, wouldn't find themselves disfranchised, were they to return?] An Imperialist report from Vera Cruz, received at N. York on the 5th, says that Escobedo has been routed, as was also another General who was endeavoring to join him. Escobedo was in command of the Liberal forces, some 50,000, at Queretaro. The Havana correspondent of the N. Y. Herald says a revolution of a most bloody kind is in progress in Hayti. The streets in Port au Prince were literally covered with dead. The loss of the revolutionists was very heavy. Geffard finally succeeded in getting the upper hand of the insurgents after a desperate engagement. Nemeth has been nominated as Minister to Austria. A statement of the public debt, less the amount of cash in the Treasury, shows that it was, on the first of April, something over \$2,553 millions. A dispatch to the State Department from the legation at the Hague states that the rinderpest has spread into Belgium and France, and that its progress in Holland shows a weekly decline. The total loss by it has been 116,000 head of cattle.

LIFE ILLUSTRATED.—The Phenological Journal & Life Illustrated, published in New York by Messrs. Fowler & Wells, is one of the handsomest, best edited and most interesting magazines of the day. It is not a wishy-washy periodical, but every article in it is of the good sound common-sense order. It is published monthly, at the low price of \$3.00 per year. On and after July 1st, the subscription price will be raised to \$3.00. Every family should have a copy.

CHINAMAN KILLED.—On Saturday night last, a couple of Chinamen broke into Mark's store, in Oroville, and stole several pairs of shoes. On Sunday the clothing was found secreted, and at night a watch was kept for the thieves. During the night they went after the goods, and the men who were watching for them attempted to arrest the Celestials. They started to run away, but were brought to by chunks of cold lead. One of the Chinamen was killed outright, and the other badly wounded. Served them right.

IMPORTANT RUMOR.—Congress, if we mistake not, granted the Union Pacific Railroad Company subsidies to build their road to the State line of California. The grant is a valuable one, and the Union Pacific Company have no idea of parting with it, and are determined not to allow the Central Pacific Company, if report be true, to infringe upon their right. Mr. Bates, the Engineer in Chief of the Union Pacific, was sent out to examine and report upon our route: and the route of the Central Pacific. He passed through our city a few days ago, and expressed his satisfaction of and preference for our route. We copy the following significant article from the Gold Hill (Nevada) News of March 30th, which seems to have escaped the notice of the Sacramento Union and Bee, the organs of the Central Pacific Company. If the report be without foundation, it strikes us they would have ridiculed or flatly denied it. Says the News: "It is reported that the Union Pacific Railroad have got an injunction on the Central Pacific Company, restraining the latter from laying rail ahead of continuity from tide-water. The Company can grade as much as they choose, but are not allowed to lay track. Such is the report. The Union Pacific is building road at the rate of two miles a day; and they claim that they will be at the Sierras with a locomotive, ten days from New York, direct, during 1870. That Company intend to make a 'crossing' in this State and over our mountains into California, on their own responsibility. They will adopt the Placerville or Feather River route. If the Placerville people get their road twenty miles this side of their city by 1869, their central 'transit' will be accepted. Otherwise, the Feather River or Beckworth Pass route will be adopted by the Union Pacific." Mountain (Placerville) Democrat.

BUILD YOUR ARKS.—We had a call yesterday from Professor Greenleaf Cilley De Merritt, who informs us that this country is on the verge of a devastating and destructive flood. He prophesies that a heavy rain will precipitate the snow upon us—that the cities and towns will be overflowed, and the cattle, horses and sheep drowned. Even the State Capitol at Sacramento, is to fall before the floods. We were instantly reminded of the story of the unbeliever who told Noah to move off with his ark, as there was not to be much of a shower.—[Appeal.]

PUBLIC DEBT.—The statement of the public debt, published April 1st, shows the following: Debt bearing coin interest, \$1,498,381,591 80; bearing currency interest, \$734,280,280; matured debt not presented for payment, \$12,285,658 22; debt bearing no interest, \$417,225,343 96; total, \$2,928,515,834 18. Amount in the Treasury, coin, \$105,934,477 22; currency, \$34,328,826 52; total, \$140,263,303 74. Amount of debt, less cash in Treasury, \$2,322,440,070 44.

New Advertisements.

CLOSING OUT.

THOMPSON & KELLOGG.

OF THE

SPANISH RANCH.

OFFER FOR SALE, AT REDUCED PRICES.

Their Large and Full Assortment of

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS,

Hardware,

CLOTHING, DRY GOODS, IRON,

STEEL, MILL SAWS, &C., &C.

General Merchandise.

WE ALSO OFFER FOR SALE THE UNDIVIDED

half of the Spanish Ranch, with

Hotel Furniture, Farming Implements, Wagons, &c.

We are determined to close out our business at

Spanish Ranch, and will sell our stock at very low

prices. Give us a call. Those indebted to us will

please settle their accounts immediately.

THOMPSON & KELLOGG.

March 30th, 1867.

AGAINST

Spring & Summer

FIRES

MAKE TIMELY PREPARATION.

STOCK ON HAND AND FIRE, TO STAND THE

SEASON OF TIME AND FIRE, to public use and

private satisfaction, furnished at proper rates by

the well known and popular

PHOENIX

INSURANCE COMPANY.

Cash Assets, July, 1866.

Cash on hand and in Bank. \$140,131 46

United States Securities. 135,593 50

Loans on Approved Securities. 185,490 00

New York Bank Stocks. 81,250 00

Hartford Bank Stocks. 58,070 00

Miscellaneous Bank Stocks. 48,750 00

Bonds, State, City and Water. 180,025 00

Cal. Bonds, State, City and County. 87,500 00

Ohio State Stock. 23,750 00

Accumulated Interest on Loans. 5,212 17

Market Value of Assets. \$1,043,772 13

ANNUAL INCOME OVER

ONE MILLION DOLLARS.

The PHOENIX of HARTFORD has no connection

with the "Combination" known as the Board

of Underwriters, and adjusts its rates on an

equitable and equitable basis, consistent with

sound policy and sound business principles.

It is a business of

LOSSES PAID IN U. S. GOLD COIN.

BRANCH OFFICE,

424 California Street, Corner of Leidesdorff,

SAN FRANCISCO.

R. H. MAGILL, Manager.

STRAITMAN.—We are again placed under obligations to Maj. Straitman, the liberal News Agent of San Francisco, for a package of papers. In Straitman's price list, which comprises a list of over two hundred magazines and papers, he says:

Any newspapers, magazines, or reviews, not mentioned in the above list, will be forwarded to order. Orders for books, stationery, music, fancy articles, etc., filled promptly. Purchases of all kinds, outside of our regular business, promptly and faithfully attended to at the lowest market prices. No commission. Subscriptions payable invariably in advance. Remittances required to be prepaid. New books received by every steamer. Address, J. STRATMAN, News Agt., San Francisco.

TURN OF THE TIDE.—The result of the recent election in Connecticut is nearly everywhere regarded as indicating a turn of the tide in political affairs. The Radical leaders perceive the signs of their party's disintegration, and hence their great efforts to keep alive the drooping courage and flagging energies of their deluded followers.

Special Notices.

DEMOCRATIC CO. CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

THE MEMBERS OF THE DEMOCRATIC CENTRAL COMMITTEE, are hereby notified and requested to meet in Quincy, on Monday, May 6th, 1867, for the transaction of important business. A full attendance is desired.

JNO. D. GOODWIN, President.

E. T. HOGAN, Secretary.

A Family Medicine.

DAVIS' PAIN KILLER is a purely vegetable compound, and while it is a most efficient remedy for pain, it is a perfectly safe medicine, even in the most unskillful hands. For summer complaint, or any other form of bowel disease in children or adults, it is an almost certain cure, and has, without doubt, been more successful in curing the various kinds of Cholera than any other known remedy. In China, where this dreadful disease is ever more or less prevalent, the PAIN KILLER is considered by the natives, as well as European residents in those climates, A SURE REMEDY. Sold by all medicine dealers.

Allen's Lung Balsam.

Is warranted to break up the most troublesome Cough in an incredibly short time. There is no remedy that can show more evidence of its merits, than this BALSAM, for curing CONSUMPTION, BRONCHITIS, COLDS, ASTHMA, COUGHS, &c. Physicians having Consumptive patients, and having failed to cure them by their own prescriptions, should not hesitate to prescribe this remedy. It has cured cases where all other remedies have failed. Consumptives, do not despair because all the remedies you have tried have failed, but try this Great Remedy. Sold by all Medicine Dealers. Perry Davis & Son, Providence, R. I., Agents for Eastern States.

Dissolution.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing under the name and style of Cunningham & Holthouse, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Henry Holthouse is authorized to sign in liquidation and collect all debts due the late firm. All persons so indebted are hereby notified to make immediate settlement.

N. C. CUNNINGHAM.

HENRY HOLTHOUSE.

CARD.

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING THIS DAY purchased the entire interest of N. C. Cunningham in the late firm of Cunningham & Holthouse, will continue the business at the old stand in Taylorville. The continued patronage of the public is respectfully solicited.

HENRY HOLTHOUSE.

Taylorville, Feb'y 17th, 1867.

The Best Remedy for Purifying the Blood.

Strengthening the Nerves, Restoring the Lost Appetite, is

PRESE'S HAMBURG TEA.

It is the best preservative against almost any sick ness, if used timely. Composed of herbs only, it can be given safely to infants. Full directions in English, French, Spanish, and German, with every package. TRY IT!

For sale at all the wholesale and retail drug stores and groceries.

EMUL FRENE, Wholesale Druggist.

Sole Agent, 410 Clay Street, San Francisco.

Special Medical Notice.

DR. CHAS. H. TOZER would respectfully inform the sick and afflicted that his MEDICAL INSTITUTE is at the same place, corner of KRAVETZ and JACKSON streets, San Francisco, where he has been established for many years, for the cure of special complaints. Having relinquished my old modes of advertising, which has become so common with all the Quack Doctors of San Francisco, filling the newspapers with false references, for the purpose of imposing upon strangers, I think it only necessary to inform those in need of a PHYSICIAN OF LONG EXPERIENCE AND SUCCESSFUL PRACTICE, that I can be consulted at all business hours, at my Medical Institute, corner of Kearney and Jackson sts., San Francisco.

Ladies suffering from the Whites, Piles, Weakness of the Back, Pain in the Side, Headache, Palpitation of the Heart, Nervousness, and all other diseases of the female system, are subject to, will find prompt relief by applying to Dr. Chas. H. Tozer.

My Female Monthly Pills were never known to fail in giving relief in those cases for which they are recommended. To be obtained only at my office.

Price, Five Dollars—with full directions on each Box.—Sent by mail or express.

Address CHAS. H. TOZER, M. D., San Francisco, Cal., or Lock Box 1884.

Consultation Free. All communications strictly confidential.

CHAS. H. TOZER, M. D.

Late Consulting Physician of Lock Hospital, London.

RELIEF AT LAST.

IT IS PROVEN BEYOND ALL DOUBT, THAT

JENKIN'S HAIR RESTORATIVE

WILL PRODUCE HAIR

ON BALD HEADS!!

It cures the Suppressed Secretions,

which are productive of the loss of hair.

It cures the Inflammation of the Scalp,

which invariably produces violent pains

in the head, and the loss of the hair.

It cures the Distended Bulb, which forms

the shafts of the hair from the capillary sack.

Destroying Hair Falloes.

Scaly Eruptions of the Scalp.

And Dandruff of the Hair.

The Hair Restorative

Is purely vegetable, and its invention is the result of many

years of practical experiments.

The following gentlemen have used the RESTORATIVE with good effect, and kindly give their names as reference:

Hon. C. H. Bryan, ex-Judge Supreme Court; Hon. George F. West, ex-Judge District Court, Yuba county; Hon. James O. Goodwin, County Judge, Yuba county; E. E. Rice, Esq., J. C. Cooper, Esq., John Nash, Esq., C. P. Robinson, Esq., L. P. Brown, Esq.

Prepared only by JOHN C. JENKINS, the Hair Restorative, at Ferguson's Old Hair Cutting Headquarters, two doors west of George C. Perkins' Grocery Store, Montgomery street, OROVILLE.

PRICE—One Dollar per bottle.

Special Notice.

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER.—Let every man woman and child in our country learn, that Dr. Doyen's Family Medicines are the best in use. See advertisement on fourth page.

Advertisements.

C. T. KAULBACK,

Dealer in all kinds of—

DRY GOODS,

CLOTHING, FANCY GOODS,

FURNISHING GOODS,

YANKEE NOTIONS, CARPETING,

BOOTS & SHOES,

HATS & CAPS,

Provisions, Groceries, Liquors,

DRUGS & MEDICINES.

HARDWARE, WOODEN WARE,

PAINTS, OILS, &c., &c.

QUINCY, PLUMAS CO., CAL.

The subscriber would respectfully inform the citizens of Quincy and vicinity that he is now receiving a large stock of goods of all kinds which he offers for sale at the LOWEST PRICES for cash.

Parties who wish to purchase goods for cash, can buy their supplies at the CHEAPEST rates than they can send to the lower country and get them.

Call and examine my stock of goods and the prices, and satisfy yourselves of the fact.

C. T. KAULBACK.

Quincy, June 15th, 1865.

RIDEOUT, SMITH & CO.,

BANKERS.

The Quincy Union.

LOCAL ITEMS.

APRIL SNOWS.—On Thursday last about two inches of snow fell in American Valley.

BURNED.—The Sage Brush states that the Idaho & Chico Stage Co. has failed.

CENTRAL COMMITTEE.—The Democratic Central Committee of the County, are requested to meet in Quincy, on Monday, May 6th, 1867. See notice in another column.

SELLING OUT.—Messrs. Thompson & Kellogg of Spanish Ranch, have decided to close out business at that place, and offer their whole stock of goods for sale at greatly reduced prices. See advertisement.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—On Friday last a man named Maset was killed while at work in his mining claims at Granite Basin, by a snow-slide. He was at work piling up the bank, when the slide started on the hill above the claims, and came down, filling up the cut and burying Maset. The deceased formerly lived at Bidwell's Bar. He leaves a wife but no children.

PURCHASED.—We are pleased to hear that Mr. D. Robinson has purchased the Uncle Sam ranch, in this Valley, which was formerly owned by Gen. Russell. Mr. Robinson intends "looting" upon the ranch, and we presume that in a short time, instead of a lot of old sheds and dilapidated buildings upon the place, as is the case at present, he will put up buildings which will compare favorably with those of his neighbors.

LETTER FOUND.—A few days since we picked up an open letter, written by some person in this place, who, we don't know, for there was no name signed to it, addressed to his "Friend John," who lives somewhere in the lower country. The letter gives a full exposure of the recent row or disagreement between members of a certain secret Society in this place. The writer does not have a very exalted opinion of the acts of a certain few, but as it is none of our business, we shall say nothing more. It is rather rich to keep, but keep it we must until the owner calls for it, proves property, pays charges and takes it away. "It is good for brothers to dwell together in harmony," but from the facts set forth in the above letter, we don't see the "harmony."

BUNKUM.—As was generally supposed by our citizens, at the time, the bill introduced into Congress by Hon. Mr. Bidwell, in aid of certain wagon roads in Plumas Co., was for the sole purpose of bunkum. Bidwell wanted to tickle the citizens of Plumas a little,—he wants to be Governor,—hence he introduced the bill, and that was the last ever heard of it. He doubtless thought if he succeeded in getting the bill passed some of the other counties in the State would be jealous, and thereby he might lose a few votes in Convention. The voters of Connecticut recently refused to endorse Bunker, the great humbug, and we rather think the citizens of California will treat a very small humbug in the same manner if the opportunity is offered them.

EAST BRANCH ITEMS.—Messrs. Bolger & Co., are at work in French Ravine, near Rich Bar. They started in at the mouth of the ravine, and are clearing the bed rock from bank to bank. They have ground enough to keep them busily at work for years; their claim is paying them good wages. On Gravelly Hill, Warner, Keep & Co. are ground-slucing with prospects of a big clean-up when the proper time comes. On Indian Hill, Kellogg is at work piling in his hydraulic claims. The bank is now about 80 feet high.—He has plenty of water and will run off a "heap" of dirt during the present season. Clark, Webster & Co. have commenced work at Indian Bar. On Smith's Hill, Miller & Co. are opening a new set of claims on the brow of the hill back of Smith's Bar. The Bunker Hill Co. near Oak Ravine have commenced work upon the bench directly above their old claims, and are getting good pay. Bone & Co., on Pea Soup have a water derrick in operation, and are stripping, preparatory to bottoming up in the summer. They have a rich claim. The indications promise a lively mining season on the East Branch. The Chisamen, as usual, are working the worked-out bar claims, and are making them pay.

THE ELECTION.—At the Special Election held on Tuesday last, for Supervisor of the 2d District, Mr. T. J. True was elected by something like 50 majority over Mr. Taylor, the Independent candidate. The majorities for each candidate at the various precincts were as follows: For True—Greenville, 84; Round Valley, 11; Bush Creek, 7; Quincy, 37; Total, 88. For Taylor—Taylorville, 17; Crescent, 11; Genesee, 11; Total, 39. A very light vote was polled at nearly all of the precincts. The Democrats did not consider it was their fight, and numbers of them voted for the Radical nominees, while others did not go to the polls. At Quincy, 141 names were entered upon the poll list, and only 113 votes were cast. Nearly all the absentees were Democrats; besides there were 15 who were not enrolled, and had there been a straight out Democratic nominee, they would not have been able to vote for their party candidate. At Greenville, a majority of the Democrats, so we are informed, voted for Mr. True. Several of the Democrats of Quincy precinct also supported him. Stories were set afloat by the Radicals, on and before the day of election, charging that Mr. Taylor, if elected, would use his position to promote his private interests in regard to certain roads, etc., all of which, as a matter of course, were false, as those who started them knew; but they had the desired effect.—Mr. Taylor carried a larger vote in Indian Valley than many of his friends supposed he could; but running as an independent candidate against a regular nominee is up hill work, especially when the members of the opposite party do not give the independent candidate their united support, but instead vote for his opponent or keep away from the polls. The Rade in this precinct worked like beavers on and before the day of election. They even sent messengers ten miles to bring in straggling voters, and by these means brought out every vote they had.

From the intense anxiety exhibited by the clique, and the manner in which they worked on the day of the election against such a Radical as they represent Mr. Taylor to be, we are led to believe that they knew their man, when they selected Mr. True as their candidate. We hope, however, that he will show himself a man in his actions as a member of the Board of Supervisors, and not allow himself to be used as a tool. The results of the election shows that in a straight out fight the Radicals will have no deed thing in carrying this county. Therefore let the opponents of radicalism unite and prepare for the coming political campaign.

QUARTZ.—One of the richest quartz ledges in the State is located in the Eureka Mountain, and owned by the 76 Quartz Mining Company. The ledge is situated on the side of the mountain, a little below and to the east of the Eureka Co.'s ledge. All of the rock which the Co. crush, has to be packed on mules from the ledge down to the mill, a distance of about one mile, and as it would not pay to pack all of the rock taken out, it is assorted at the ledge and any that will not pay over thirty dollars per ton is rejected. It is heretofore been the practice of the Company to discontinue work on the ledge during the winter months, but last summer the Company built a new logging house, near the ledge, and Mr. Elwell, the Superintendent, wishing to make certain changes and improvements in the manner of working the mine, has had several men at work during the past winter. He has got everything in ship-shape, and at the same time has taken out a large amount of rock, several tons of which will average \$150 per ton, and all of the accepted rock will probably pay \$75 per ton. The rejected rock, of which since the ledge has been worked, thousands of tons have accumulated, would probably pay ten dollars per ton, but is valueless to the Company unless they build a railroad track from the ledge to the mill, or put up a steam mill near the mine. Several years since the Company, at an expense of several thousand dollars, built a "chute" 2,700 feet long, from the ledge to the mill, but a short trial convinced them that their improvement was valueless—it would not answer the purpose for which it was intended,—but we presume the Company, in the course of a few years will "rig a purchase" which will enable them to work all the rock taken from the ledge.

HANDS WANTED.—From almost every mining camp in the county, we hear complaints that the owners of claims find it impossible to hire as many hands to work as they actually need. Several of our farmers also complain of the scarcity of help. A hundred good men could find employment, at good wages, in our county to-day.

FAVORS.—To Garland of the Oroville & Quincy Stage Line, we are indebted for favors. Dick has stationed himself on the lower end of the line, and will make the drives between Oroville and the Buckeye for the present.

THAT'S IT, IS IT?—The Butte Record of last week confirms the statement made by the Sage Brush, that Mr. Buckbee was out of the ring in the fight for the Congressional nomination in this district, and that he will be a candidate for State Senator before the Senatorial District Convention of Butte, Plumas and Lassen counties. The chances are that, if, as the Record intimates, Plumas will have the naming of the candidate, Mr. Buckbee will be left out in the cold; for he has some very bitter enemies in the Radical camp, who, as they belong to the clique, will be very apt to rule the roast. It will be quite a pretty fight, and the skirmishing has already commenced.

SYMPATHY FOR FOREIGNERS.—The conduct of the 'humanitarian' Radicals, who profess so much sympathy for the Mexican Liberals, the Irish Fenians, the Cretons, and in fact the oppressed peoples everywhere outside of this present 'model republic,' while at the same time they are endeavoring to reduce millions of their own countrymen to a condition far more intolerable than that of those on whom their sympathy is so lavishly expended, "reminds us of a little anecdote": "Bubby, why don't you go home and have your mother sew up the hole in your trousers?" "Oh, go along, old woman; our folks are at the sewing circle, working for the heathen!" Moral: Political sympathy, like charity, should begin at home.

FOUR MEN KILLED.—A dispatch dated Featherville, April 4th, says: R. L. Thomas has just arrived from Lower Trinity, bringing intelligence that on Sunday morning, the 31st ult., Robt. L. Stockton, Indian Agt. at Hoopa Valley, Jas. Latham, Wm. Griffin and Isaac Stover were killed, two miles above Willow Creek, by an Indian known as "Frank," a desperate character who had left the Reservation. The four men were killed while attempting to arrest him. Mr. Stockton is a brother-in-law of Senator Connors. The above intelligence is furnished the Trinity Journal by Edward Bontecou, of Lower Trinity.

LIBERTY IN TENNESSEE.—The following, says an exchange, comes to us on good authority, and is a pungent satire on American republicanism as administered by the revolutionists:

A firm in Nashville, one of the largest and most respectable in the West, paying annually many thousands of dollars of taxes, has, including clerks, six persons employed in the concern besides the porter, who is a negro. The latter is now the only one of the whole concern who is allowed a vote under the present Brownlow Constitution.—The point of the joke is, that the negro was the bitterest rebel of them all, and was an officer's servant in the late rebel army, and when fighting by his master's side, he was the third man over the ramparts of Fort Pillow, where he fell like an avenging thunderbolt upon the negroes, who so gallantly surrendered that stronghold.

RADICAL HATRED OF ADOPTED CITIZENS.—The Radicals have given the negroes of the District of Columbia the right of suffrage. The Democrats proposed the same right should be accorded to foreigners who have declared their intentions to become citizens. But Thad Stevens said that it must not be done, and so the Radicals decided! Yet those fellows have the "cheek" to ask Irishmen and Germans to vote for them! Radicals insist upon placing them beneath the negro and then profess great friendship for them.—[Mt. Democrat.]

DEMOCRATIC STATE CENTRAL COM.—The Members of this Committee have been notified to meet in San Francisco, on Thursday, the 18th inst., for the transaction of important business.

HARD LOOKING.—A horse dealer describing a used up horse said he looked "as if he had been editing a country newspaper."

AN APT COMPARISON.—The Boston Post compares the Republican party to a pawnbroker's shop—full of unredeemed pledges.

Legal Advertisements.

Dissolution of Co-Partnership.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT THE Partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, at Onion Valley and Sawpit Flat, Plumas county, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All debts and claims against the late firm will be paid by A. H. Ferguson, and all debts due the late firm must be paid to the said A. H. Ferguson, who will carry on the business in future. Plumas County, Feb'y 24, 1867.
A. H. FERGUSON.
J. B. BAILY.

v5-n15-1f

Notice to Creditors.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN BY THE UNDERSIGNED, Executor of the above-named Estate, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against said deceased, to exhibit the same with the necessary vouchers, within ten months from the first publication of this notice, to the undersigned, at his office in La Porte, Plumas Co., State of California.
JOHN CONLEY, Executor.
Quincy, Dec. 22d, 1866.

v5-n15-1f

Summons.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF PLUMAS.
In the District Court of the second Judicial District.
MARY BOYD vs. JAMES BOYD.
Action brought in the District Court of the 2d Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Plumas, and the complaint filed in said county of Plumas, in the office of the Clerk of said District Court.

YOU ARE HEREBY REQUIRED TO APPEAR in an action brought against you by the above named Plaintiff, in the District Court of the Second Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Plumas, and to answer the Complaint filed therein (a copy of which accompanies this summons), within ten days (exclusive of the day of service), after the service on you of this summons; or, if served within this county; or, if served out of this county, but within this Judicial District, within twenty days; or, if served out of said District, then within forty days—on judgment by default will be taken against you, according to the prayer of said Complaint.

The said action is brought to obtain a Judgment that the bonds of matrimony between herself and the Defendant be dissolved, and that the custody of their infant child, Lizzie, be awarded to the Plaintiff, and for costs of this action. And you are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer said Complaint as above required, the said Plaintiff will take default, and apply to the Court for the relief prayed for in her said Complaint.

Given under my hand and the seal of the District Court of the 2d Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Plumas, this Second day of February, in the year of our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Sixty-seven.
JOHN B. OVERTON, Clerk.
Goodwin & Haymond, Plff's Attys.
v5-n15-3m.

Summons.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF PLUMAS.
In the District Court of the Second Judicial District.
ANGIE W. LANCASTER, vs. A. V. LANCASTER.
Action brought in the District Court of the 2d Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Plumas, and the complaint filed in said county of Plumas, in the office of the Clerk of said District Court.

YOU ARE HEREBY REQUIRED TO APPEAR in an action brought against you by the above named Plaintiff, in the District Court of the Second Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Plumas, and to answer the Complaint filed therein (a copy of which accompanies this summons), within ten days (exclusive of the day of service), after the service on you of this summons; or, if served within this county; or, if served out of this county, but within this Judicial District, within twenty days; or, if served out of said District, then within forty days—on judgment by default will be taken against you, according to the prayer of said Complaint.

The said action is brought to obtain a decree of this Court, dissolving the bonds of matrimony heretofore existing between the said plaintiff and defendant, and giving to said plaintiff the custody of their children, and the grounds of said action are set forth in the complaint, and for a failure of the defendant to provide the necessities of life for plaintiff and their children, for the period of three years next preceding the commencement of this action.

And you are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer the said complaint, as above required, the said Plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief prayed for in said complaint.

Given under my hand and seal of the District Court of the 2d Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Plumas, this 29th day of Dec. in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven.
JOHN B. OVERTON, Clerk.
By S. J. Clark, Deputy Clerk.
Goodwin & Haymond, Plff's Attys.
v5-n15-3m.

Advertisements.

NEVER KNOWN TO FAIL!

DR. LE RICHAU'S GOLDEN BALSAM

Spanish Antidote.

DR. LE RICHAU'S GOLDEN BALSAM NO 1

Cures Chancres, First and Second Stages. Sores on the Legs or Body; Sore Ears, Eyes, Nose, &c. Price \$5 00.

DR. LE RICHAU'S GOLDEN BALSAM NO 2

Cures Tertiary, Mercurial or Syphilitic Rheumatism, pains in the Bones, and eradicates all diseases from the system. Price, \$5 00.

DR. LE RICHAU'S SPANISH ANTIDOTE

For the cure of Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Irritation, Gravel, and all Urinary or Genital disarrangements. Price, \$2 50.

DR. LE RICHAU'S SPANISH INJECTION

A wash and injection for severe cases of Gonorrhoea, Inflammatory Gleet, Stricture, and all diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder. Price, \$1 50.

DR. LE RICHAU'S GOLDEN OINTMENT

For the effective healing of Syphilitic Sores and Eruptions. Price, 75 cts.

Also Agents for:

DR. LE RICHAU'S GOLDEN PILLS

For Seminal Weakness, Night Emissions, Impotency, and all diseases arising from masturbation and excessive abuse. Price, \$3 00.

Sent everywhere by Express, carefully packed. None genuine without the signature of C. F. RICHARDS, Chemist, on every bottle.

C. F. Richards & Co.,

Druggists and Chemists,

S. W. corner Clay and Sansome Streets.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Sole Agents.

HOW FOR THE AFFLICTED.—In another part of this paper will be found the advertisement of the celebrated Institute established by Dr. J. C. YOUNG, in 1850. It is a home to the suffering to point out to them where they are sure of obtaining the wished for relief and cure. Under the care of the skillful Doctor, the sick and troubled can direct themselves of their business of pain; lay aside their cross and secure health and happiness; if you are sick or in trouble, do not hesitate. Read the advertisement and follow the advice. Do not forget the number nor the manner of directing your letters. Consultation Office, 104 Washington street, San Francisco.

Business Advertisements.

T. A. VAN ORDEN, MANUFACTURING JEWELER.

WATCHES & CLOCKS

Cleaned & Repaired.

SHOP—On Main street, QUINCY, CAL. 35-1f

WM. KINSEY, CARPENTER & BUILDER.

Shop on Main Street.

QUINCY, CALIFORNIA.

House, Sign & Ornamental Painting

DONE TO ORDER.

Furniture Made and Repaired.

v4-n37-1f

D. ROBINSON, CARPENTER & BUILDER.

Shop—Opposite the Plumas House,

MAIN STREET, QUINCY, CALIFORNIA.

Carpenter Work of all kinds done promptly, and in the best manner. Terms reasonable. 44-1f

A. COLE, CARPENTER AND JOINER.

[SHOP—Opposite the Court House.]

Quincy, Cal.

WORK done to order on short notice, and on reasonable terms.

CHARLES MILLER,

—MANUFACTURER OF—

TIN, COPPER & SHEET IRON WARE.

Shop opposite the Postoffice,

Main Street, Quincy, California.

Custom Work done to order, at short notice and on reasonable terms.

A good stock of TINWARE always on hand and for sale.

Stovepipe made, fitted or repaired.

IRON ROSE for Mining or other purposes, erected and Set Up to order in any part of the County.

Quincy, Dec. 1, 1866. v5-n6-1f

DR. J. DEMPSTER,

DENTIST.

[Office at the Plumas House,]

QUINCY, CAL.

THE SUBSCRIBER, HAVING RETURNED TO QUINCY, where he intends stopping the present season would respectfully inform the citizens of American Valley and vicinity, that he is now prepared to perform all operations in his profession, on the most approved and latest principles.

Teeth Inserted on Gold, Silver, and Vulcanite.

Operations carefully performed. All work warranted.

Quincy, June 9th, 1866. J. DEMPSTER. v4-n32-1f

NEW ARRANGEMENT!!

BLACKSMITHING

—BY—

BRADFORD & WALKER,

[at the Old Stand of J. Walker.]

MAIN STREET, QUINCY.

HAVING PURCHASED THE ENTIRE MATERIALS of the above mentioned establishment the public are informed that we intend to devote our time and attention to Blacksmithing in all its varieties.

Our work will be made of the best material, with the greatest dispatch, in the best style, and prices to conform to the times.

Particular attention paid to Horse and Ox-Shoeing, Wagon Ironing, &c.

BRADFORD & WALKER.

Quincy, Oct. 12, 1866. v4-n50-1f

OROVILLE

Iron & Brass Foundry

AND MACHINE SHOP.

STEAM ENGINES, QUARTZ MACHINERY

Saw and Grist Mills, Derrick Irons, Pumps

HYDRAULIC PIPES AND NOZZLES,

Car Wheels,

and all other kinds of

MACHINERY BUILT TO ORDER,

or Repaired at the Shortest Notice.

SHOES & DIES for Quartz Mills, made of the best American White Iron.

STEAM ENGINES of different sizes, with the latest improvements, always on hand. Also, second hand engines.

ALL WORK guaranteed first class, and as cheap as any Establishment in the State.

37-6m THEOPHILUS LOCHER, Prop'r.

QUINCY

MEAT MARKET.

Main street, opposite the Court House.

A GOOD SUPPLY OF ALL KINDS OF MEATS of the best quality, constantly on hand.

JAS. E. EDWARDS,

Quincy, Jan. 28, '63.—n15-1f

SAN FRANCISCO

PIONEER SCREEN WORKS.

JOHN W. QUICK, Prop'r.

HAS removed to the VULCAN IRON IRON Works, Fremont Street, between Mission and Howard, San Francisco. Screen Panning in all its branches, at Reduced Rates.

Quartz Mill owners using my Russian Iron Screens will save Two Hundred per cent. Guaranteed to be the best and cheapest in the State, and warranted not to rip or tear.

Orders solicited and promptly attended to.

44-3m

EXCHANGE SALOON.

MAIN ST., QUINCY, CAL.

THE BAR

is well supplied with the best of

Wines, Liquors & Cigars.

BILLIARDS.

Two of Phelan & Co's. Modern BILLIARD TABLES with combination cushions are in use at this Saloon.

Gold Dust purchased at the Highest Rates. Deposits received, Collections made, and transacted in General Banking business.

JAS. H. HOUCK, Proprietor.

22-1f

Business Advertisements.

HENRY HOLTHOUSE, DEALER IN—

General Merchandise.

[Corner of Main and Nelson Streets.]

Taylorville, Plumas Co., Cal.

WE HAVE A LARGE STOCK OF FALL and Winter Goods, embracing the latest

Styles & Patterns,

to which we invite the attention of the Public in general.

WM. H. MILLER. W. BUNNELL.

MILLER & BUNNELL,

Butt Valley, Plumas Co., California.

—GENERAL DEALERS IN—

Groceries, Provisions, Liquors,

Segars, Tobacco, Dry Goods,

CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES, TOOLS,

Hats and Caps,

HARDWARE, YANKEE NOTIONS, &c., &c.

v4-n39-1f

H. C. BIDWELL,

Wholesale & Retail Dealer in

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

Provisions, Liquors, &c.,

GREENVILLE, PLUMAS CO., CAL.

24-3m

THOMPSON & KELLOGG,

DEALERS IN

Groceries, Provisions, Liquors, Hardware,

Iron, Steel, Crockery, Clothing,

Boots and Shoes.

Spanish Ranch.

1-1f

P. A. TOGNAZZINI,

—DEALER IN—

Groceries, Provisions, Liquors,

Tobacco, Cigars,

C

The Quincy Union.

THINGS I LIKE TO SEE.—I like to hear religious denunciations slander each other; it is a conclusive evidence that their cause is good, and that they are taking the best possible means to advance it.

I like to see fifteen or twenty young men parade themselves in front of the meeting house on the Sabbath, and stare at the ladies as they pass; it shows that they have read Chesterfield's advice to his son.

I like to see church members arouse from their slumbers to partake of the sacrament; it shows that the spirit is willing but the body is weak.

I like to see the people haunt the taverns on the Sabbath, talking politics and scandal; it shows the day is regarded.

I like to hear the bell toll half the time; it tells the strangers that we have one.

I like to see people ride for pleasure, go fishing or hunting on Sunday—the better the day the better the deed.

I like to see young ladies walk late at night; it shows that they are not at all afraid.

I like to have a man take a book or a newspaper out of my hand without asking; it shows that he knows good manners.

I like to see a man prying into my business; it shows he has an inquiring mind.

I like to see young ladies assemble at a window or door to make witty remarks upon people as they pass. It shows they want to talk of something that they can't think of.

I like to see a young gentleman have an exalted opinion of himself; he is sure there is one that thinks well of him.

I like to see young ladies slander each other; it is a sign their characters stand fair.

I like to see one praise himself; it saves one the trouble of doing it for him.

I like to see a man take pains to discommodate the public for the purpose of extorting money for some benevolent object; it shows he means to make the people generous via et armis.

I like to see two red-headed sisters quarrel and fight about an abolition street heart; it shows that they are spunky.

There are a number of pleasant things too numerous to mention. At present let the above suffice.

THE DAILY WISCONSIN says: "An intellectual effort was made to attract Risdon, to Milwaukee, to which Monismith Graubert, Shermans, I thank you generally for your invitation to come, but de grand expense he too much for mine darling little angel. I take a special train, do you see, and that he cost de grand monish. Den I loses de go to St. Louis and I pays mine angel more vat I gets in Milwaukee, and dat ish very bad. Oh, no, shermans, I likes de Milwaukee very much, what you calls him; I likes de people vara much, an' I comes by-by, ven I gets another little angel whatev so good only vat doesn't cost so much of de monish, do you see?"

The largest room in the world under a single roof, and unbroken by pillars or other obstructions, is at St. Petersburg, Russia. It is 650 feet in length, and 150 feet in breadth. By daylight it is used for military displays, and a battalion can conveniently maneuver in it. In the evening it is often converted into a vast ball-room, when it is warmed by sixteen prodigious stoves, and 20,000 wax tapers are required to light it properly. The roof of this great structure is a single arch of iron, the bars on which it rests weighing twelve million eight hundred and thirty thousand pounds.

PRACTICE VS. THEORY.—Dr. Cummings, who predicts the world will be rolled up like a scroll within three years, has recently rented a house for ten years.

A GOOD CAUSE.—A few days since two gentlemen of Chicago came near fighting a duel, because one of them paid the fare of the other's wife on a street car.

TWENTY-FIVE YEARS AGO, but a single house, and that a log cabin, stood upon the site of what is now the large and flourishing city of St. Paul, Minnesota.

CABBAGE CHOPPED AND THROWN ON CARPETS as tea leaves for laying dust.

WANT.—It was said of a rich miser—that he died in great want—the want of more money.

REMINGTON'S

SOLD BY GUN DEALERS, AND THE TRADE GENERALLY.

Upwards of 200,000 furnished the U. S. Government.

Army Revolver, 44-100 in. Calibre.

Revolver, 38-100 in. Calibre.

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Revolver, 38-100 in. Calibre.

PACIFIC Business College.

751 MARKET STREET, [Between Third and Fourth.] SAN FRANCISCO.

AN INSTITUTION DESIGNED TO PREPARE YOUNG men and middle aged men for an active and successful business life.

BOOK-KEEPING, PENMANSHIP, COMMERCIAL LAW, COMMERCIAL ARITHMETIC, CORRESPONDENCE, MODERN LANGUAGES, ETC.

Practically Taught.

This College forms a link of the American Chain of Commercial Colleges.

Located in the principal cities of the United States, and SCHOLARSHIPS ISSUED HERE are good throughout the entire chain.

A model and comprehensive course of practical training, great improvement in the method and manner of instruction.

School-Room and Counting-Room.

United upon a plan that secures the practical advantages of both. Theory Department and Department of Actual Business, connected by Post Office Communication. Banking House with Checks, Drafts, Certificates of Deposit, and all the operations of the Banking Business. The student receives the full benefit of the business of the day.

INSURANCE, in short, he transacts ALL THE BUSINESS that would grow out of actual business life. Young men in pursuit of a Business Education should examine into the merits of this.

Pacific Business College.

It is First-Class in all its appointments. Each Department is under the charge of a First-Class Teacher, the whole being under the immediate supervision of the President. Its Graduates are skillful and finished accountants, who secure the most lucrative situations.

Regular Banks and Business Offices have been introduced, by which we are enabled to fit out students in the best possible manner, and at the least expense of time and money, for the practical duties of the Counting House.

Students can enter at any time of the year, there being no vacations. Each student receives individual instruction, with the exception of Lectures and other general exercises.

The College Review.

Giving full particulars of the College, can be had FREE, by calling at the College, or addressing E. P. HEALD, 74-551-4 President Business College, San Francisco.

FLORENCE Sewing Machines.

THE BEST IN THE WORLD!!

Highest Premium, Fair American Institute.

Highest Premium, State Fair of California, 1866.

It makes four different stitches, the lock, knot, double lock, and double knot, on one and the same machine. Each stitch being alike on both sides of the fabric.

Every Machine has the reversible feed motion, which enables the operator, by simply turning a thumb-screw, to have the work run either to the right or left, to stay any part of the seam, or fasten the ends of seams without turning the fabric.

Changing the length of stitch, and from one kind of stitch to another, can readily be done while the Machine is in motion.

The needle is easily adjusted.

Its motions are all positive; there are no springs to get out of order, and its simplicity enables the most inexperienced to operate it.

It does not require finer thread on the under than on the upper side, and will sew across the heaviest seams, or from one to more thicknesses of cloth, without change of needle, tension, or breaking thread.

The only machine having a self-adjusting shuttle tension, the amount of tension always being in exact proportion to the size of the bobbin.

The hemmer is easily adjusted, and will turn any width of hem desired.

It is almost noiseless, and can be used where quiet is necessary.

No other MACHINE will do so great a range of work as the Florence.

SAMUEL HILL, Gen'l Ag't, 111 Montgomery St., San Francisco.

W. W. KELLOGG, Agent, Quincy.

Marriage and Celibacy, An Essay by Warning and Instruction for Young Men. Also, Diseases and Abuses which prostrate the vital powers, with sure means of relief. Sent free of charge, in sealed letter envelopes. Address: DR. J. SKILLIN ROUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa.

Particular attention is called to the Policies of the Company, Paid in Fire and Tornado, and the Dividends on all policies are paid in full, and not upon the ordinary life rates, as in other Companies.

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DR. CHARLES H. TOZER'S PRIVATE MEDICAL INSTITUTE.

751 MARKET STREET, [Between Third and Fourth.] SAN FRANCISCO.

THE GREAT BRADIATOR OF SPECIAL COMPLAINTS. Formerly of Lock Hospital, London, Eight Years in Sacramento and The Last Four in San Francisco.

DR. TOZER'S experience is of forty years standing, and during that time he has met with unparalleled success in the treatment of all those diseases generally known as Venereal or Chronic.

It is impossible here to mention all the diseases with which he is familiar; some, perhaps, will not be out of place. The most formidable, the most destructive to mankind is Syphilis. The brain being the seat of the disease, the whole system suffers in consequence. It will not be a matter of a few days, or even a few weeks, but of months, or even years, before the patient can be cured. In the treatment of this disease, the patient must be kept in bed, and the diet must be strictly regulated. The patient must be kept in bed, and the diet must be strictly regulated. The patient must be kept in bed, and the diet must be strictly regulated.

Stricture of the Urethra is another formidable enemy to health. Sent for one of my circulars, and you will find the full particulars of the disease. The worst cases are cured in a few days. The patient must be kept in bed, and the diet must be strictly regulated. The patient must be kept in bed, and the diet must be strictly regulated. The patient must be kept in bed, and the diet must be strictly regulated.

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The Old Formulas of Ricord, Acton and Boerhaave are of little account, except to dry up the disease on the surface, leaving the poison in the blood. These facts I have learned by experience and think I can say without boasting, that I have seen more practice in these diseases than any other physician in California, dating as it does from 1849.

My Plan is Purely Vegetable. Destroying the disease and purifying the blood, so that there is no danger of secondary symptoms.

Such as Rheumatism, Neuralgia, and diseases arising from the use of Mercury. Injections of the Blood, cure in short time the use of MERCURY. I have learned by experience and think I can say without boasting, that I have seen more practice in these diseases than any other physician in California, dating as it does from 1849.

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They invigorate, cleanse, and purify; regulate the action of the liver, stomach, spleen, kidneys, heart, womb, bladder, nerves, glands, blood, marrow, & bones. They are a safe and reliable cure for all irregularities, and other obstructions in females. On the receipt of five dollars, these Pills will be sent by mail or express, and the patient will receive the pills by mail or express.

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IT SAVES MONEY, TIME AND EYES!

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A DELICIOUS BEAUTY-PRODUCING PREPARATION OF THE COMPLEXION.

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TO THE AFFLICTED.—Dr. W. K. Doherty returns his sincere thanks to his numerous patients for